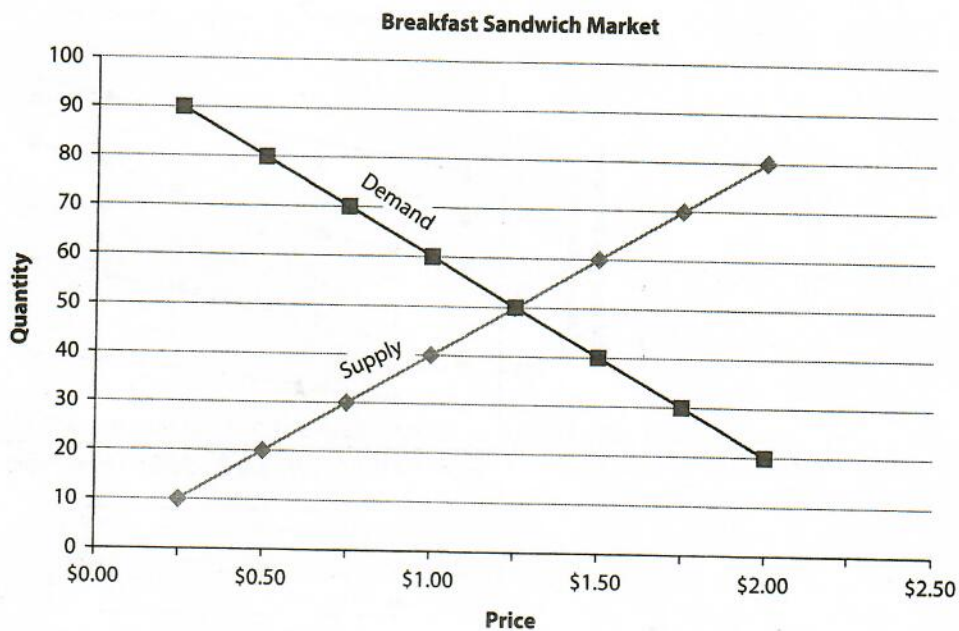


PRETEST

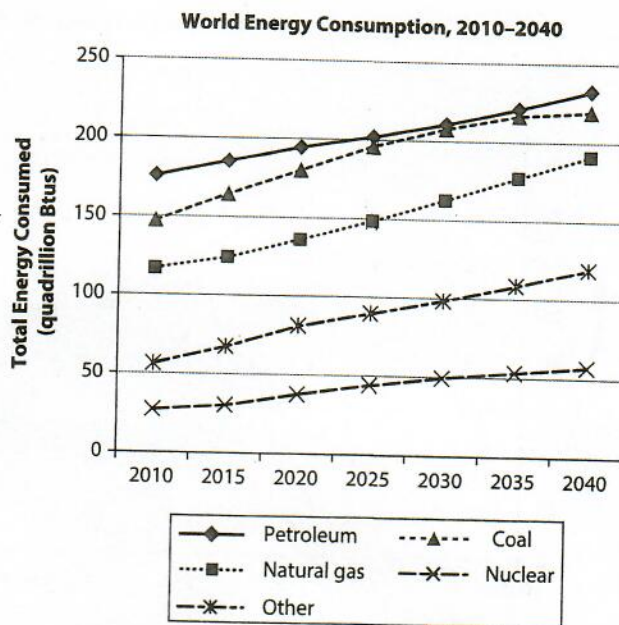
Question 25 is based on the following graph:



25. What is the equilibrium price for breakfast sandwiches in this market?
- \$0.25
 - \$1.00
 - \$1.25
 - \$2.25
26. Social Security taxes paid by workers and employers would be part of which category of taxes?
- business income taxes
 - employment taxes
 - excise taxes
 - personal income taxes

PRETEST

Questions 27–29 are based on the following graph:

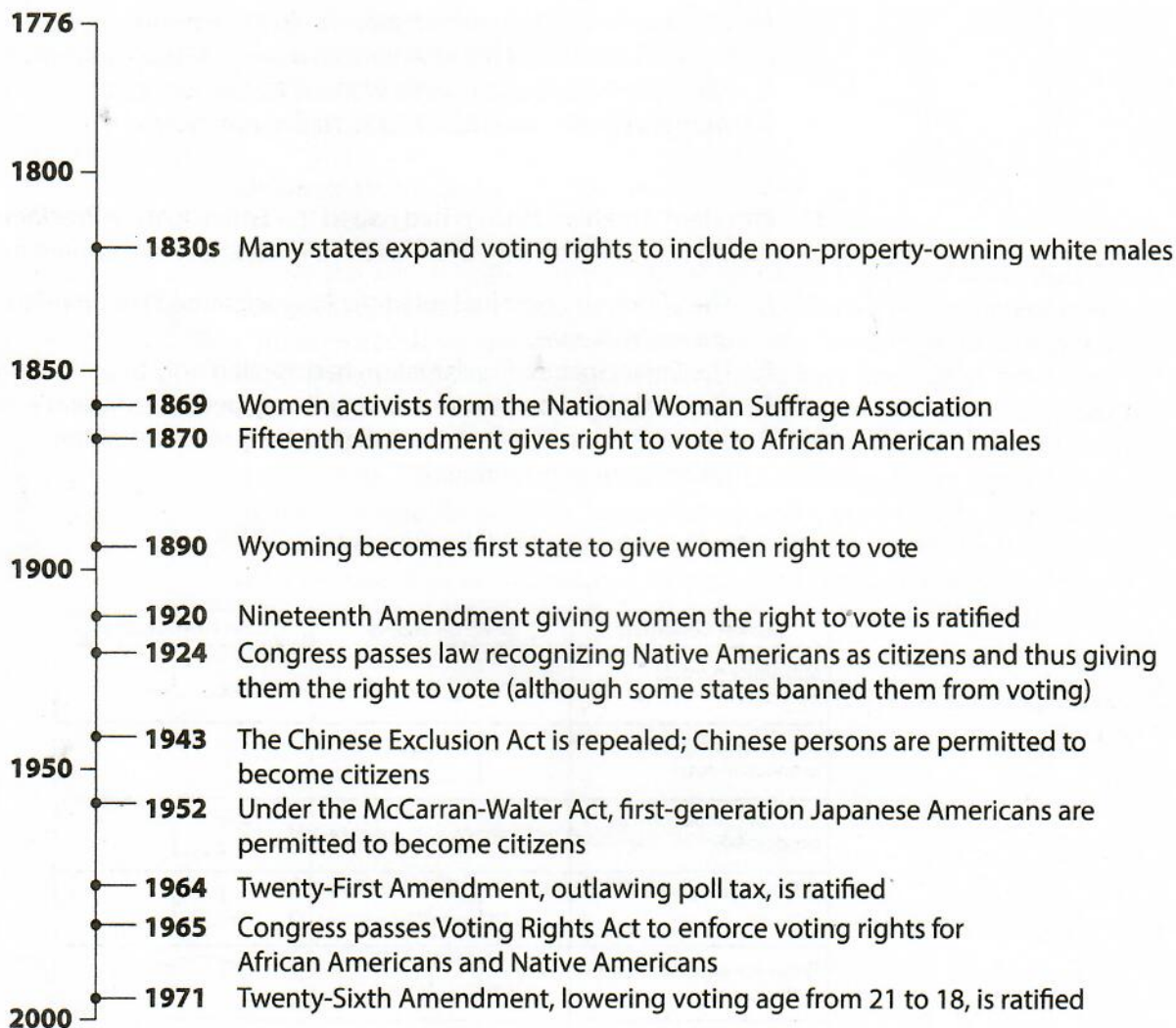


Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, *International Energy Outlook 2013*.

27. What is expected to be the leading source of energy in the world in 2040?
- coal
 - petroleum
 - natural gas
 - nuclear
28. Which category would include hydroelectric power and other renewable sources of energy?
- coal
 - petroleum
 - natural gas
 - other
29. Consumption of which energy source is expected to grow most rapidly over the period shown on the graph?
- petroleum
 - natural gas
 - nuclear
 - other

PRETEST

Questions 30–32 are based on the following timeline:












30. Which action regarding voting happened as a result of the civil rights movement?
- ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment
 - ratification of the Nineteenth Amendment
 - formation of the National Woman Suffrage Association
 - passage of the Voting Rights Act
31. Which group received voting rights most recently?
- African American males
 - 18- to 21-year-olds
 - Native Americans
 - women

PRETEST

32. Which of the following shows the correct order in which the groups received voting rights?
- women, African American males, 18- to 21-year-olds
 - Native Americans, African American males, 18- to 21-year-olds
 - white men without property, women, Native Americans
 - women, African American males, Native Americans
33. President Abraham Lincoln had issued the Emancipation Proclamation during the Civil War. Why, then, was the Thirteenth Amendment necessary?
- The Supreme Court had ruled the Emancipation Proclamation unconstitutional.
 - The Emancipation Proclamation had applied only to parts of the South.
 - The Emancipation Proclamation had only been a temporary measure.
 - State governments had not enforced the provisions of the Emancipation Proclamation.

Question 34 is based on the following chart:

Market Condition	Effect on Supply	Effect on Demand
Substitute product introduced		
New technology cuts production costs		
Price on complementary product falls		
Unemployment rises		
Prices are expected to rise in the future		
Government regulation of the product increases		

34. While demand generally increases if consumers expect a rise in prices in the future, to which of the following goods is that dynamic *least* likely to apply?
- cars
 - computers
 - fresh food
 - stock shares

PRETEST

35. After the end of the Cold War, the former communist states of Eastern Europe and Russia made what economic shift?
- A. from traditional to mixed economies
 - B. from command to mixed economies
 - C. from mixed to marked economies
 - D. from market to command economies

Question 36 is based on the following quotation:

“Every Bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it become a Law, be presented to the President of the United States; If he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his Objections to that House in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the Objections at large on their Journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such Reconsideration two thirds of that House shall agree to pass the Bill, it shall be sent, together with the Objections, to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two thirds of that House, it shall become a Law. But in all such Cases the Votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and Nays, and the Names of the Persons voting for and against the Bill shall be entered on the Journal of each House respectively.”

—U.S. Constitution, Article I,
Section 7

36. What process does this passage describe?
- A. confirmation of presidential appointments
 - B. impeachment
 - C. naturalization
 - D. veto and override

PRETEST

Question 37 is based on the following quotation:

“It will be our wish and purpose that the processes of peace, when they are begun, shall be absolutely open and that they shall involve and permit henceforth no secret understandings of any kind. The day of conquest and aggrandizement is gone by; so is also the day of secret covenants entered into in the interest of particular governments and likely at some unlooked-for moment to upset the peace of the world. . . .

We entered this war because violations of right had occurred which touched us to the quick and made the life of our own people impossible unless they were corrected and the world secure once for all against their recurrence. What we demand in this war, therefore, is nothing peculiar to ourselves. It is that the world be made fit and safe to live in; and particularly that it be made safe for every peace-loving nation which, like our own, wishes to live its own life, determine its own institutions, be assured of justice and fair dealing by the other peoples of the world as against force and selfish aggression. All the peoples of the world are in effect partners in this interest, and for our own part we see very clearly that unless justice be done to others it will not be done to us. The programme of the world’s peace, therefore, is our programme; and that programme, the only possible programme.”

—President Woodrow Wilson,
speech to Congress

37. The points that President Wilson detailed in his speech were meant to structure the peace settlement ending what conflict?
- A. the American Revolution
 - B. the Civil War
 - C. World War I
 - D. World War II

PRETEST

Questions 38–40 are based on the following chart:

The Bill of Rights

Amendment	Subject
First	Freedom of religion, speech, press, assembly; right to petition
Second	Right to bear arms
Third	Ban on quartering troops in private homes
Fourth	Ban on unwarranted search and seizure
Fifth	Grand jury required for major criminal cases; ban on double jeopardy; right not to testify against oneself; right to due process
Sixth	Right to trial by jury; right to a speedy and public trial; right to confront the accused and call witnesses; right to legal counsel
Seventh	Right to a trial by jury in civil cases
Eighth	Ban on heavy bail or fines; ban on cruel and unusual punishment
Ninth	Retention by people of unspecified rights
Tenth	Retention by states of powers not specified in Constitution

38. Which amendment in the Bill of Rights is the basis of the claim of some legal thinkers that capital punishment is unconstitutional?
- First
 - Fifth
 - Sixth
 - Eighth
39. When police have a person in custody whom they wish to question regarding possible involvement in a crime, they are required, as a result of the Supreme Court decision in *Miranda v. Arizona*, to read this statement:

“You have the right to remain silent. Anything you say can and will be used against you in a court of law. You have a right to an attorney. If you cannot afford an attorney, one will be appointed for you.”

Based on the chart, this statement is meant to protect the accused person’s rights under which amendments of the Bill of Rights?

- First and Second
- Third and Fourth
- Fifth and Sixth
- Seventh and Eighth

PRETEST

Question 40 is based on the following quote from the Ninth Amendment.

“The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.”

40. What does the word *enumeration* mean?
- A. mentioning several things one by one
 - B. counting how many times something appears
 - C. explaining the meaning of something
 - D. listing things in the order of their importance

THIS IS THE END OF THE SOCIAL STUDIES PRETEST.

PRETEST

24. **B** The map does not show Alaska or Hawaii.
25. **C** The supply and demand lines meet at \$1.25.
26. **B** If the taxes are paid by workers and employers, they are part of employment taxes.
27. **B** The top line on the graph in 2040 is for petroleum.
28. **D** They are not shown on the graph, so would be included in the category for "other."
29. **B** The steepest increase is for the natural gas line.
30. **D** The Voting Rights Act was passed in 1965 during the civil rights movement.
31. **B** The Twenty-Sixth Amendment in 1971 gave 18-year-olds the right to vote.
32. **C** White men who did not own property got the vote in the 1830s; women got the vote in 1920; Native Americans got the vote in 1924.
33. **B** The Thirteenth Amendment abolished slavery in all states. The Emancipation Proclamation only abolished slavery in the rebelling Confederate states.
34. **C** The demand for fresh foods would not increase because of an expected future price increase, as fresh food must be used very soon after purchase.
35. **B** Communist countries have command economies. After the Cold War, many shifted to mixed economies.
36. **D** The passage discusses how a president may veto a bill and how Congress can override the veto.
37. **C** President Wilson served during World War I.
38. **D** The objection that some make to capital punishment is that it violates the Eighth Amendment ban on cruel and unusual punishment.
39. **C** The Miranda warning is a reminder of the Fifth Amendment right not to testify against oneself and the Sixth Amendment right to legal counsel.
40. **A** *Enumeration* here means listing each right one by one. The Ninth Amendment says that even though a right may not be specifically listed in the Constitution, it remains with the people.